

LARGE-SCALE IMMUNOPRECIPITATION

Guidelines for sample preparation

(How to protect your samples from contamination with keratin)

- Clean your bench
 - Try to avoid contact of samples and solutions with dust, skin or hair
 - Wear gloves at all times
 - All reagents should be prepared fresh
 - Use ultra-pure water for all solutions
1. Harvest cells and wash with cold PBS to remove serum (spin cells at 1500rpm, remove supernatant). Repeat this step once.
 2. Resuspend cell pellet in ice-cold Lysis Buffer containing protease inhibitors (1 protease inh. Cocktail tablet (Roche) in 10ml lysis buffer).
 3. Vortex and incubate 30 min on ice, or on a rotator/vortex at 4°C
 4. Spin at 14,000 rpm at 4°C for 10 min, collect supernatant
 5. Determine protein concentration and dilute equal amount of protein with ice-cold NET buffer to protein concentration 1-5 mg/ml (use 15ml Falcon tube if needed)
 6. Add 50 µl Protein A agarose (previously washed 3-4x in NET buffer)
 7. Incubate on a rotator at 4°C for 60 min
 8. Centrifuge at 5000 rpm (for 15ml Falcon tubes: 3000rpm) for 5 min at 4°C, transfer supernatant to a new tube and add 50 µl Protein A agarose conjugated to antibody
 9. Incubate on a rotator at 4°C for 2 hours, or overnight
 10. Centrifuge at 5000 rpm (for 15ml Falcon tubes: 3000rpm) for 5 min at 4°C
 11. Remove supernatant (you can collect it to analyse efficiency of your immunoprecipitation)
 12. Add 1-10 ml (depending on a tube size and protein amount) of ice-cold NET buffer and rotate a few times (each sample should be rotated in the same way).

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13. Centrifuge at 5000 rpm (for 15ml Falcon tubes: 3000rpm) for 5 min at 4°C
14. Repeat step **12** and **13** three times
15. Transfer to an eppendorf tube, if the immunoprecipitation was carried out in a Falcon tube
16. Centrifuge at 5000 rpm for 5 min at 4°C
17. Elution: add up to 400 µl of ice-cold Elution Buffer, mix and incubate on a rotator at 4°C for 20 min
18. Centrifuge for 5 min at 4°C and collect supernatant
19. Precipitate protein using chloroform-methanol precipitation (see other protocol).
20. Add SDS reducing sample buffer and boil for 3 min at 95°C

Alternatively, elute using techniques performed in the following order:

1. Peptide elution (HA peptide, FLAG peptide, MYC peptide, depending on your tag)
2. Low pH Glycine elution (described above)
3. Boiling beads in SDS reducing sample buffer

REAGENTS

Lysis buffer 1 l

50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4 6.05g

0.5% NP-40 5 ml

150 mM NaCl 8.76g

20 mM MgCl₂ 4.07g

NET buffer

50 mM Tris pH 7.5

5 mM EDTA

150 mM NaCl

0.5% NP-40

Elution buffer

100mM Glycine pH 2.5